

A: Datasheet

Algorithm: cogent_006

Developer: Thales

Submission Date: 2022_05_14

Template size: 550 bytes

Template time (2.5 percentile): 838 msec

Template time (median): 844 msec

Template time (97.5 percentile): 893 msec

Investigation:

Frontal mugshot ranking 25 (out of 353) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0012 vs. lowest 0.0008 from sensetime_007

Mugshot webcam ranking 15 (out of 315) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0074 vs. lowest 0.0056 from sensetime_007

Mugshot profile ranking 18 (out of 284) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0672 vs. lowest 0.0521 from sensetime_007

Immigration visa-border ranking 8 (out of 242) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0013 vs. lowest 0.0008 from sensetime_007

Immigration visa-kiosk ranking 76 (out of 239) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.1014 vs. lowest 0.0487 from cubox_000

Identification:

Frontal mugshot ranking 24 (out of 353) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0044, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0014 from sensetime_007

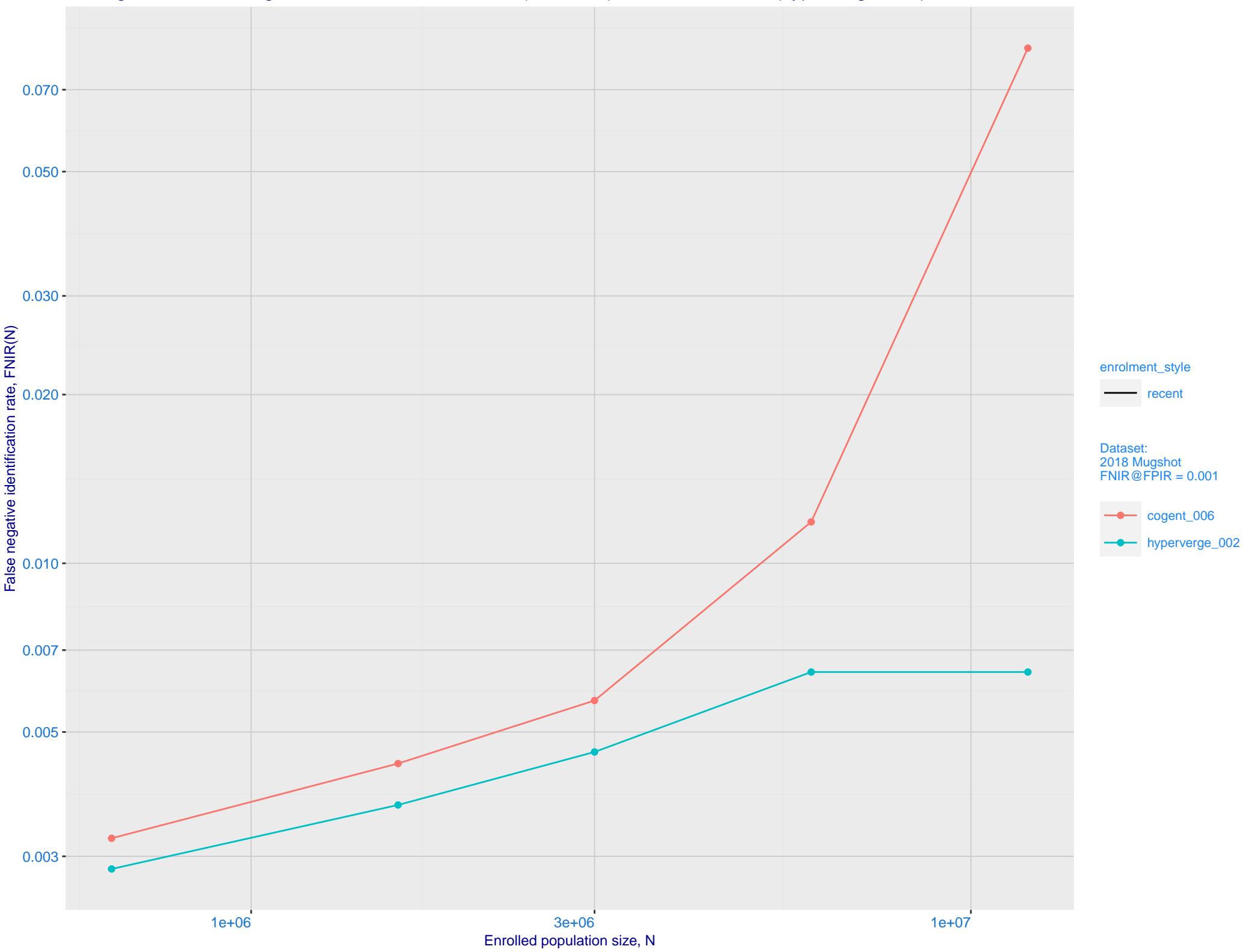
Mugshot webcam ranking 24 (out of 313) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0232, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0093 from sensetime_007

Mugshot profile ranking 12 (out of 283) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.2383, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.1093 from cloudwalk_mt_000

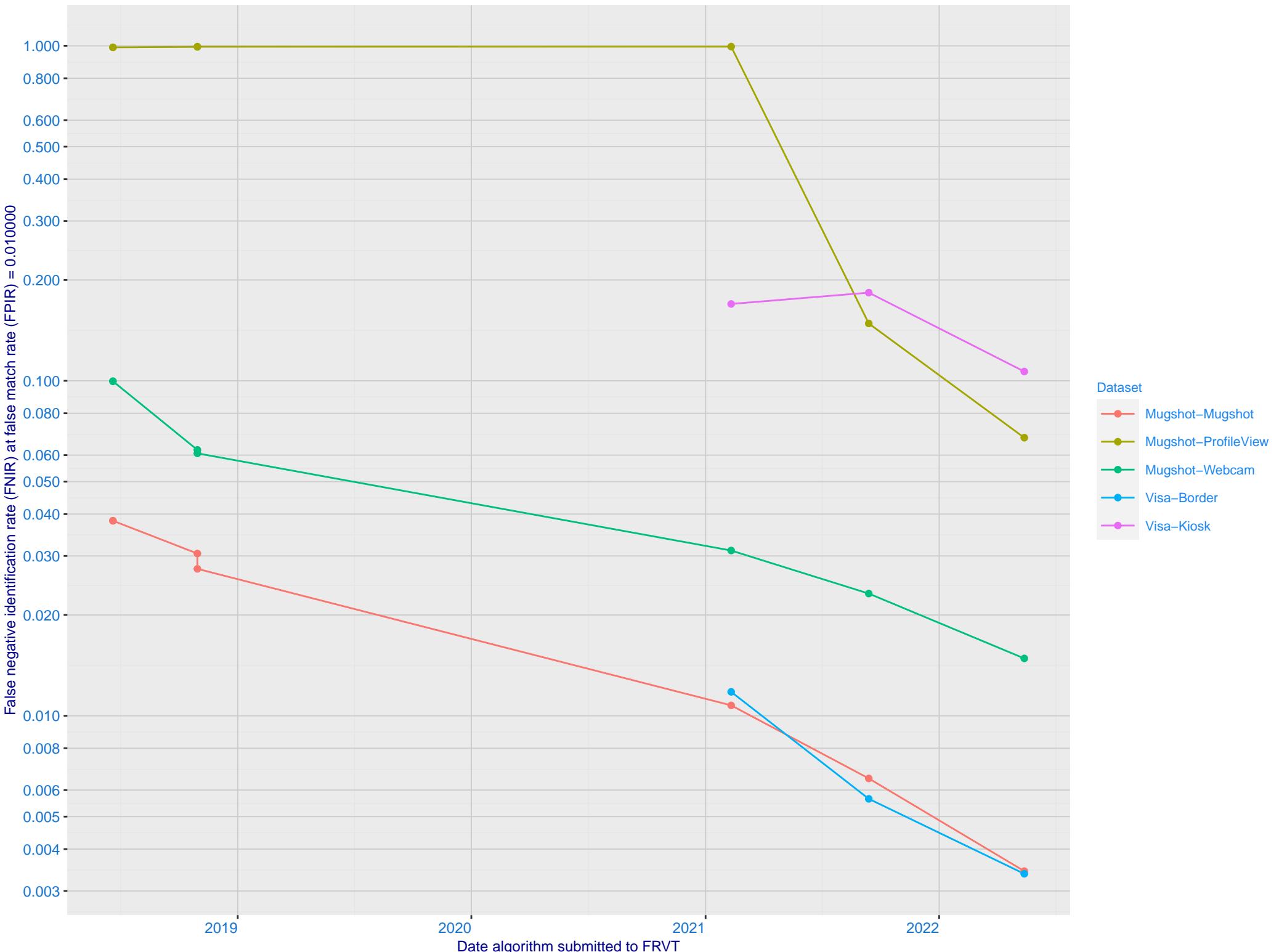
Immigration visa-border ranking 15 (out of 241) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0062, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0024 from cloudwalk_mt_000

Immigration visa-kiosk ranking 26 (out of 236) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.1299, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0719 from cloudwalk_mt_000

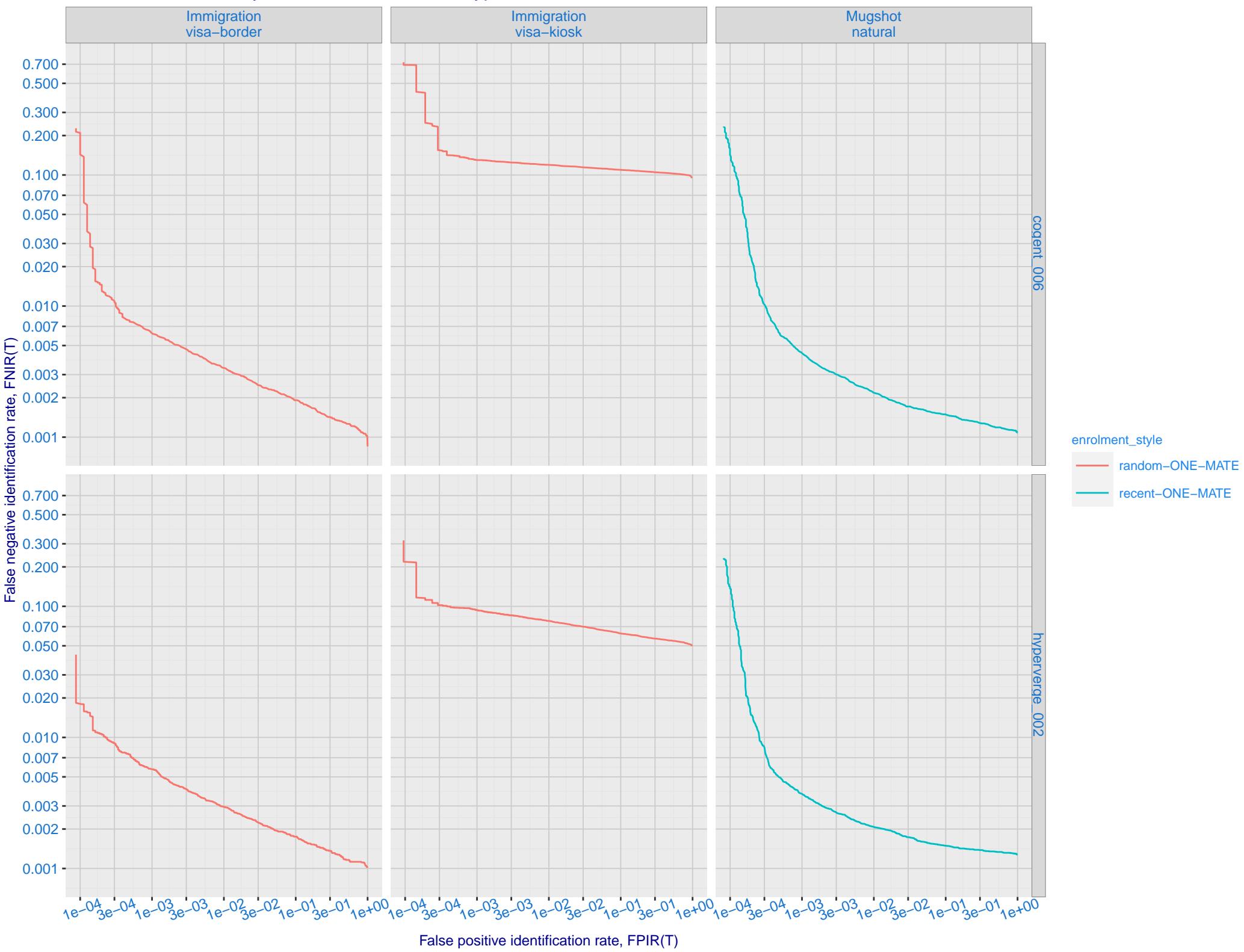
B: Mugshot natural images, identification mode: FNIR(N, L+1, T) vs. most accurate (hyperverge_002)



C: Evolution of accuracy for COGENT algorithms on three datasets 2018 – present

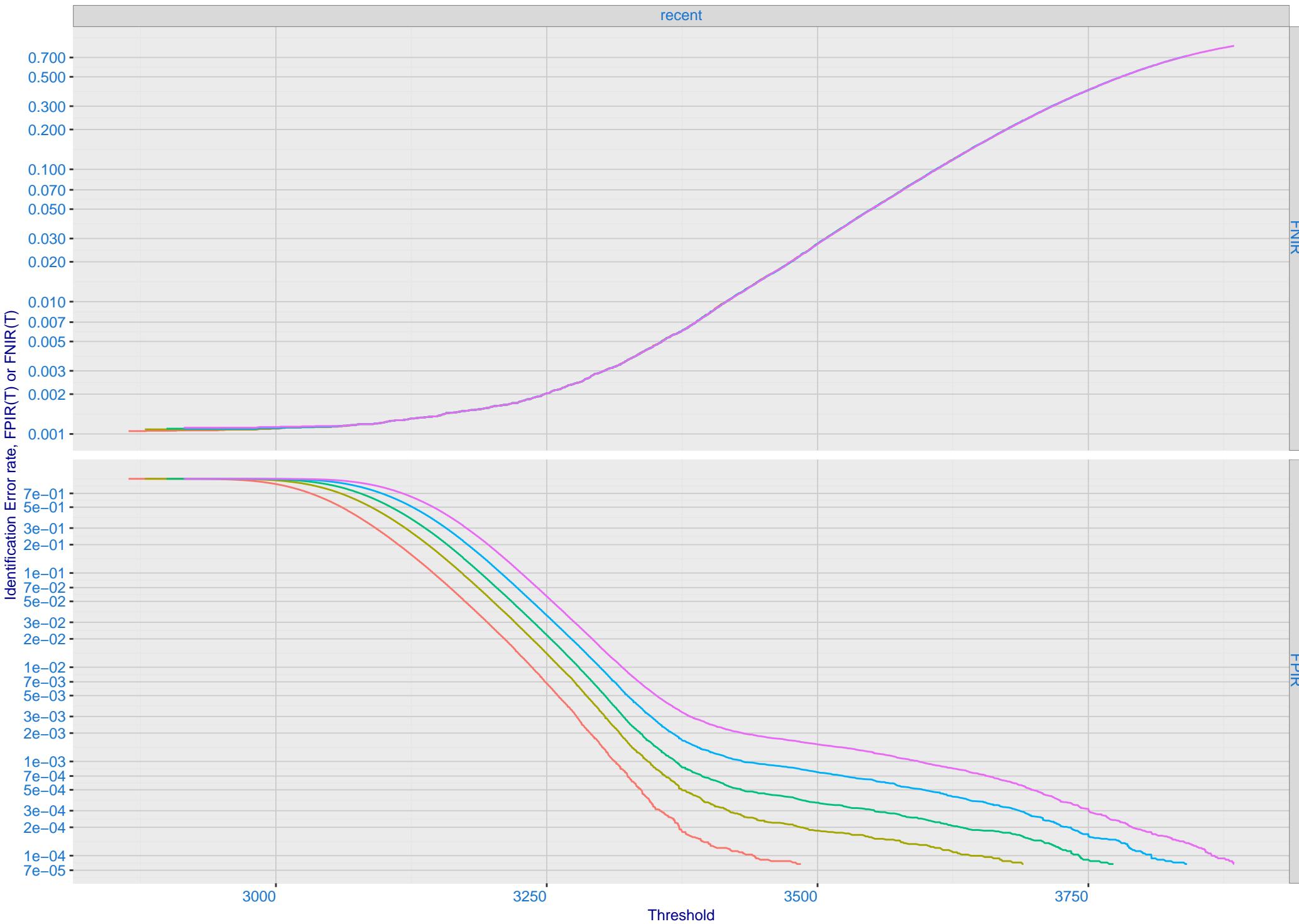


D: 1:N error tradeoff by dataset and enrollment type. N = 1600000 individuals

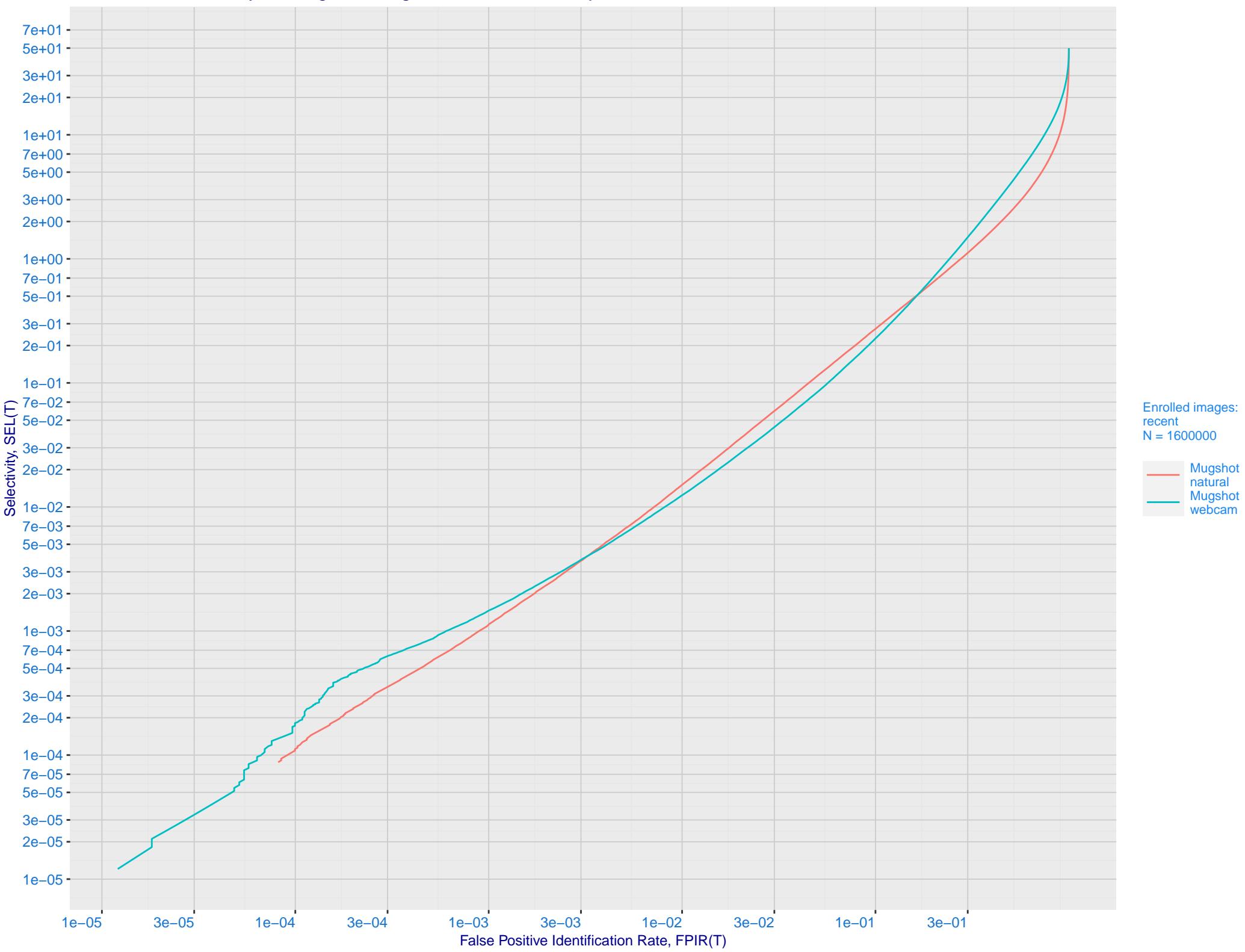


E: Dependence of error rates on T by number enrolled identities, N, for Mugshot natural images

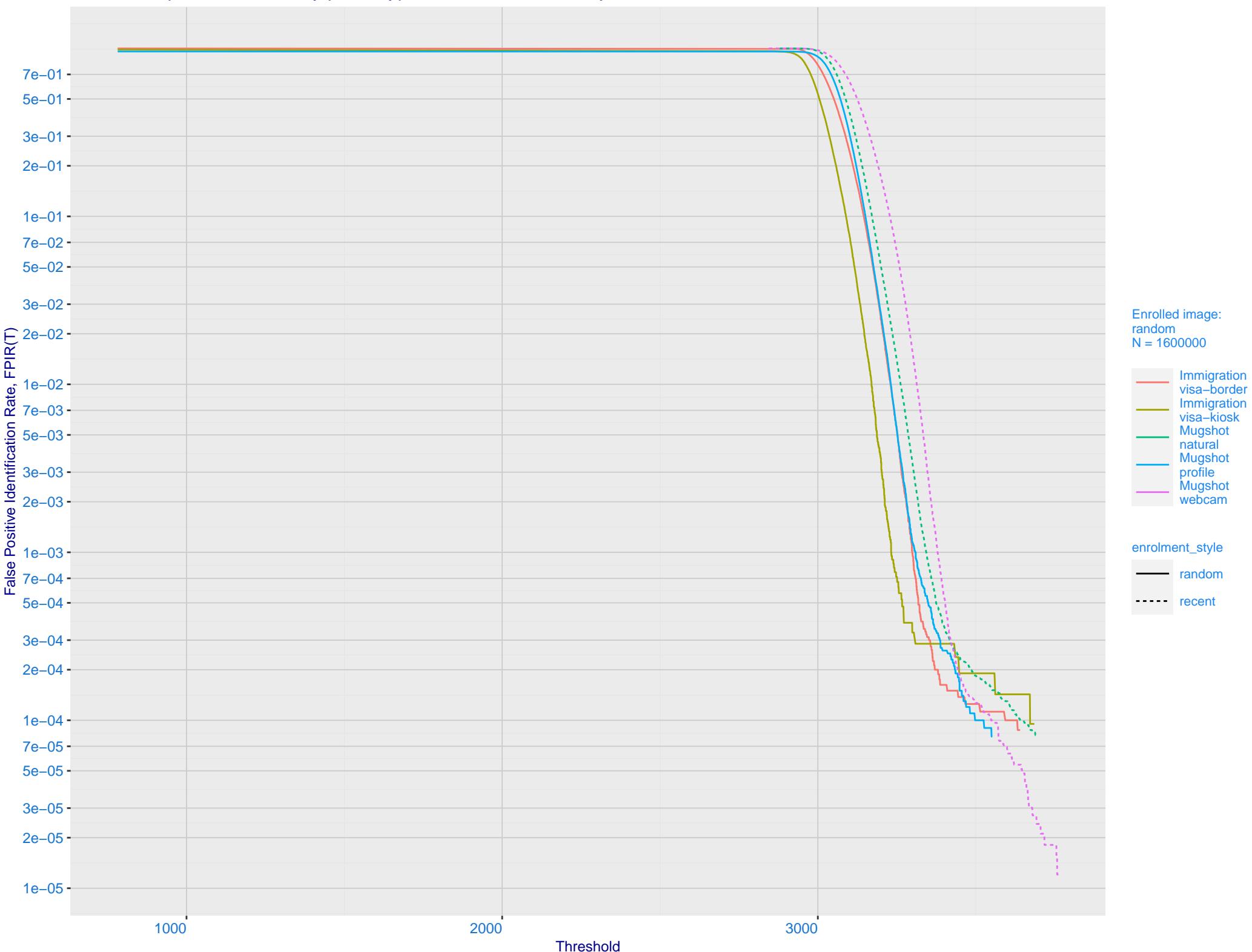
N 00640000 01600000 03000000 06000000 12000000



F: FPIR vs. Selectivity for mugshot images, N = 1600000 subjects enrolled with one recent mate

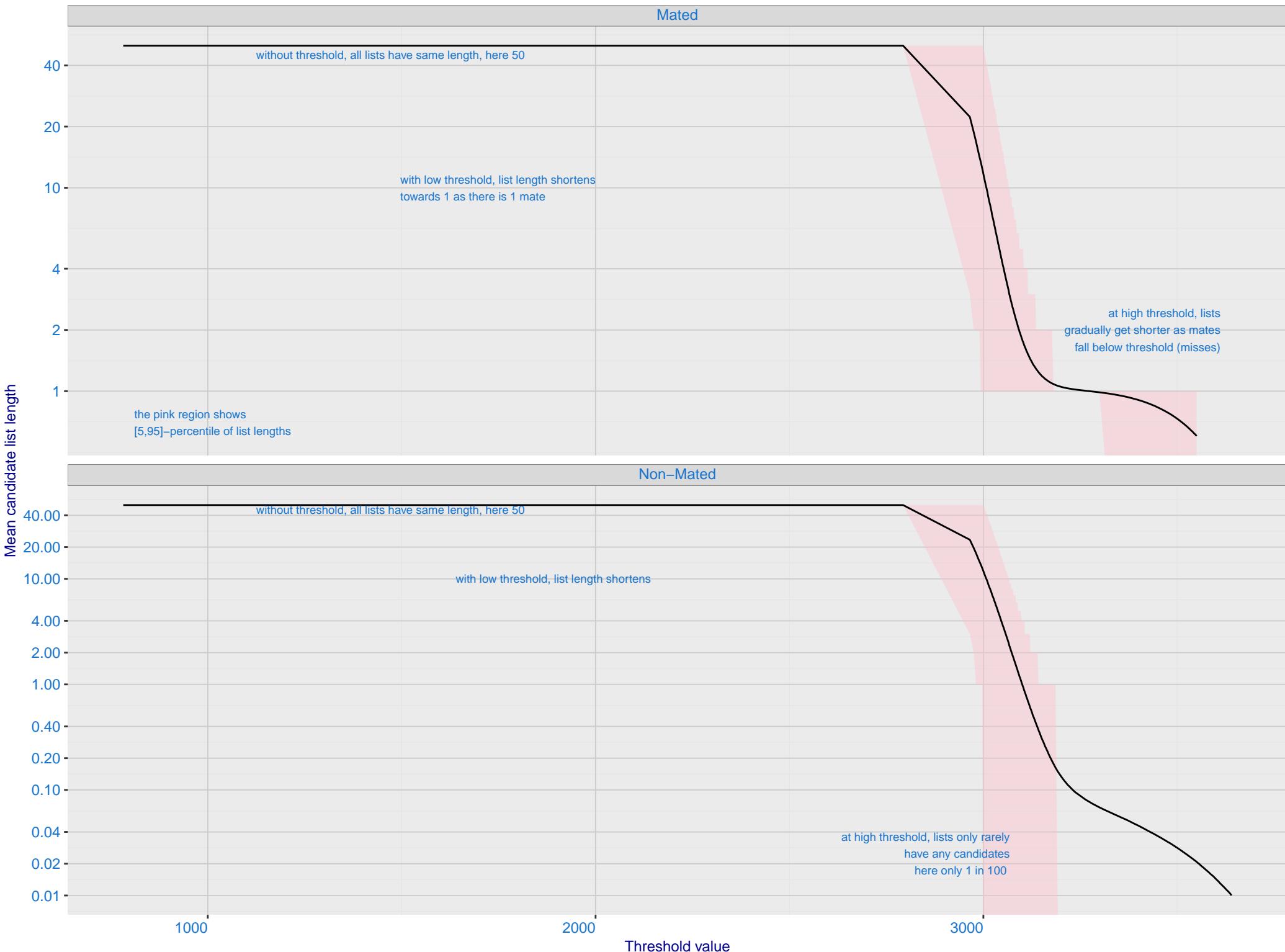


G: FPIR dependence on T by probe type for N = 1600000 subjects



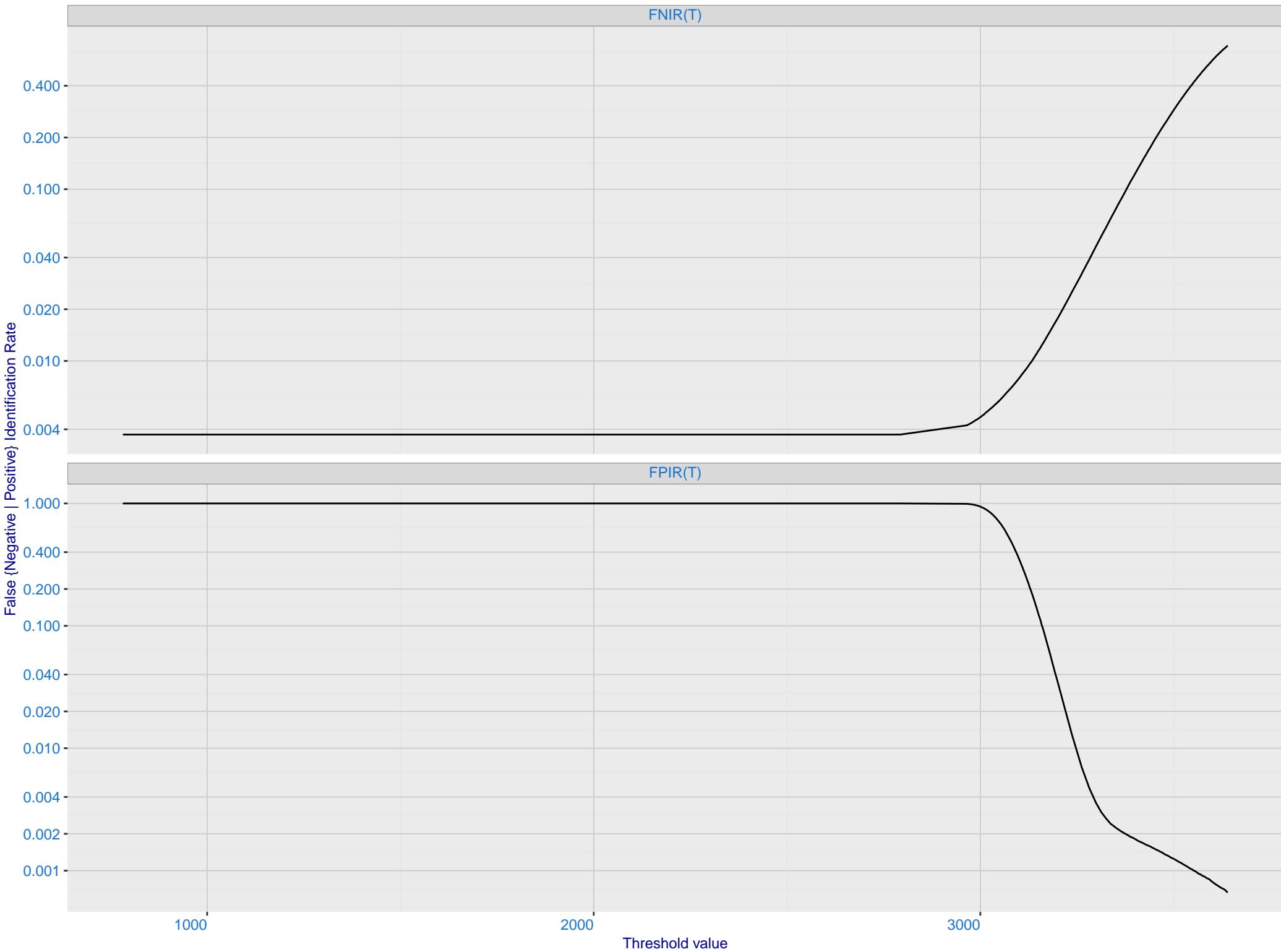
H: Reduced length candidate lists for human review

Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image

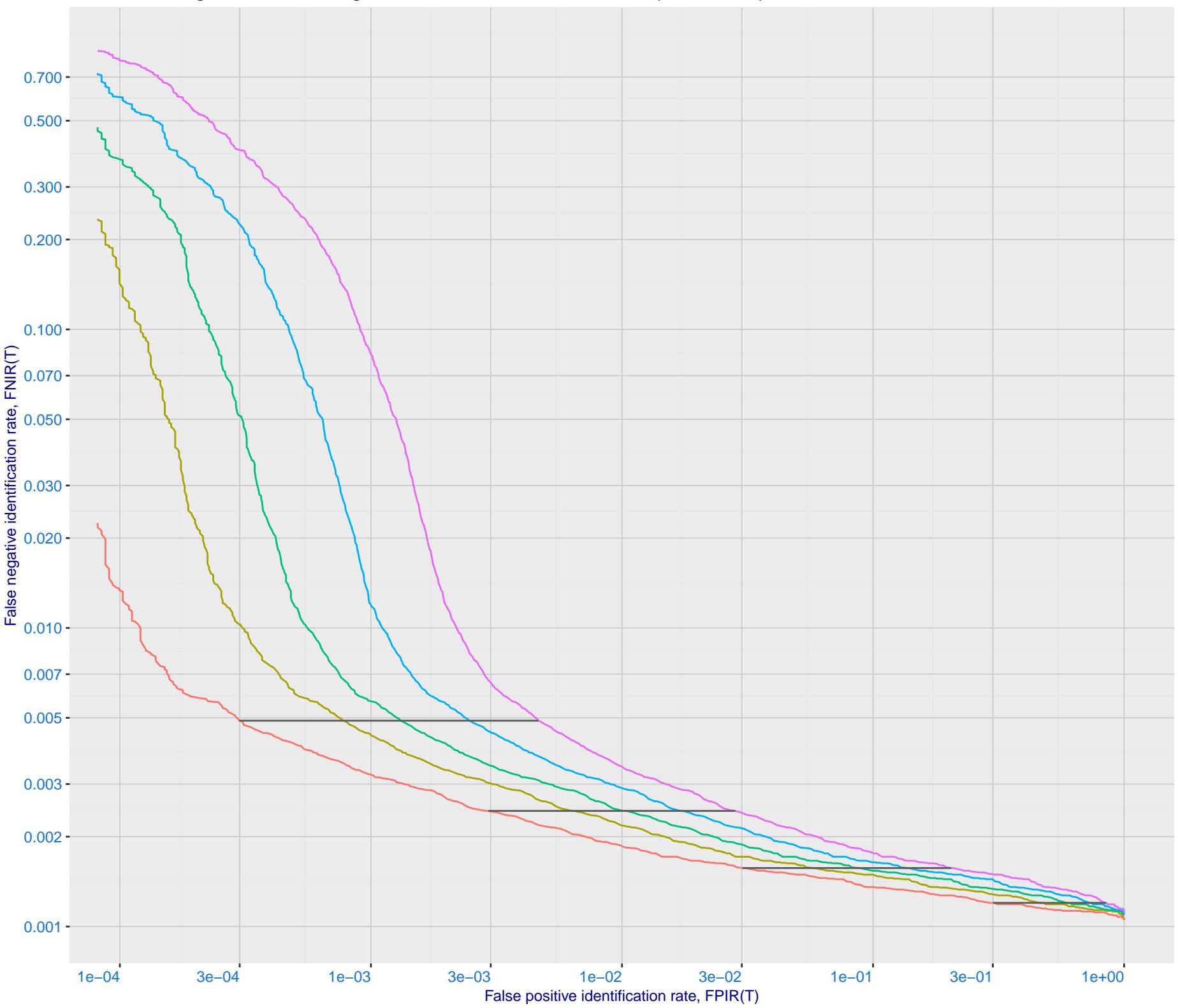


I: FNIR and FPIR dependence on threshold

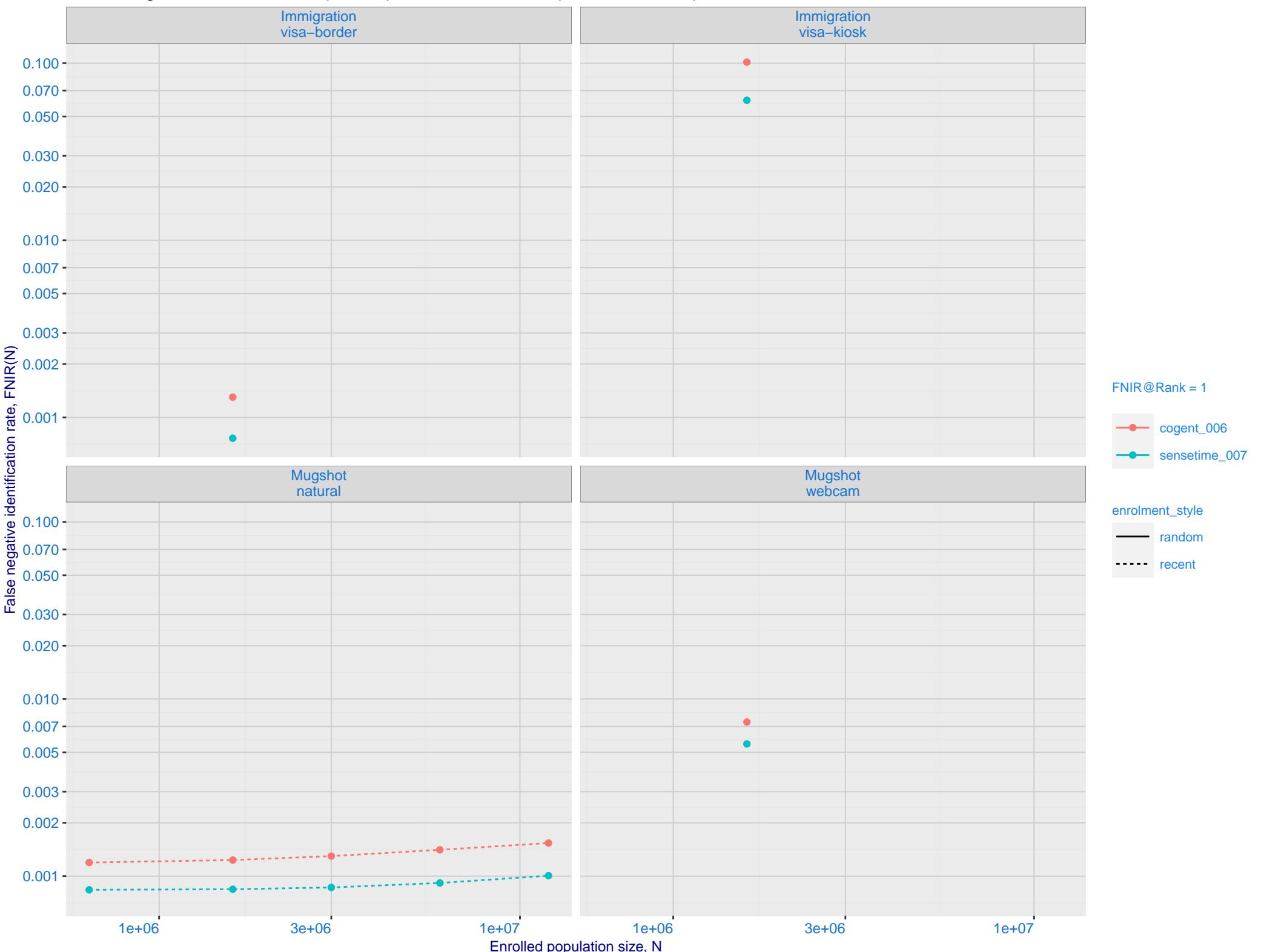
Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image



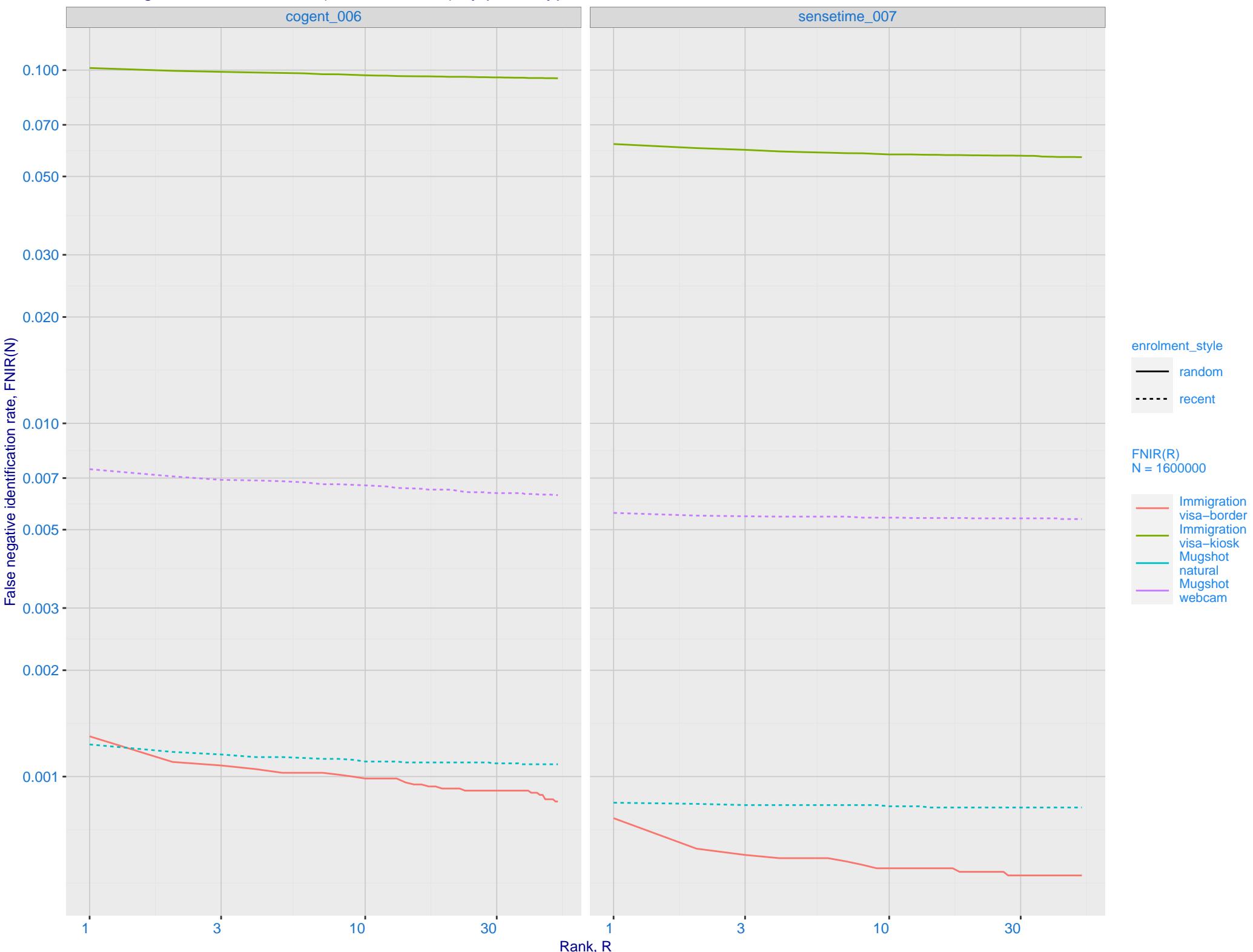
J: DET for Mugshot natural images and various N. Links connect points of equal threshold.



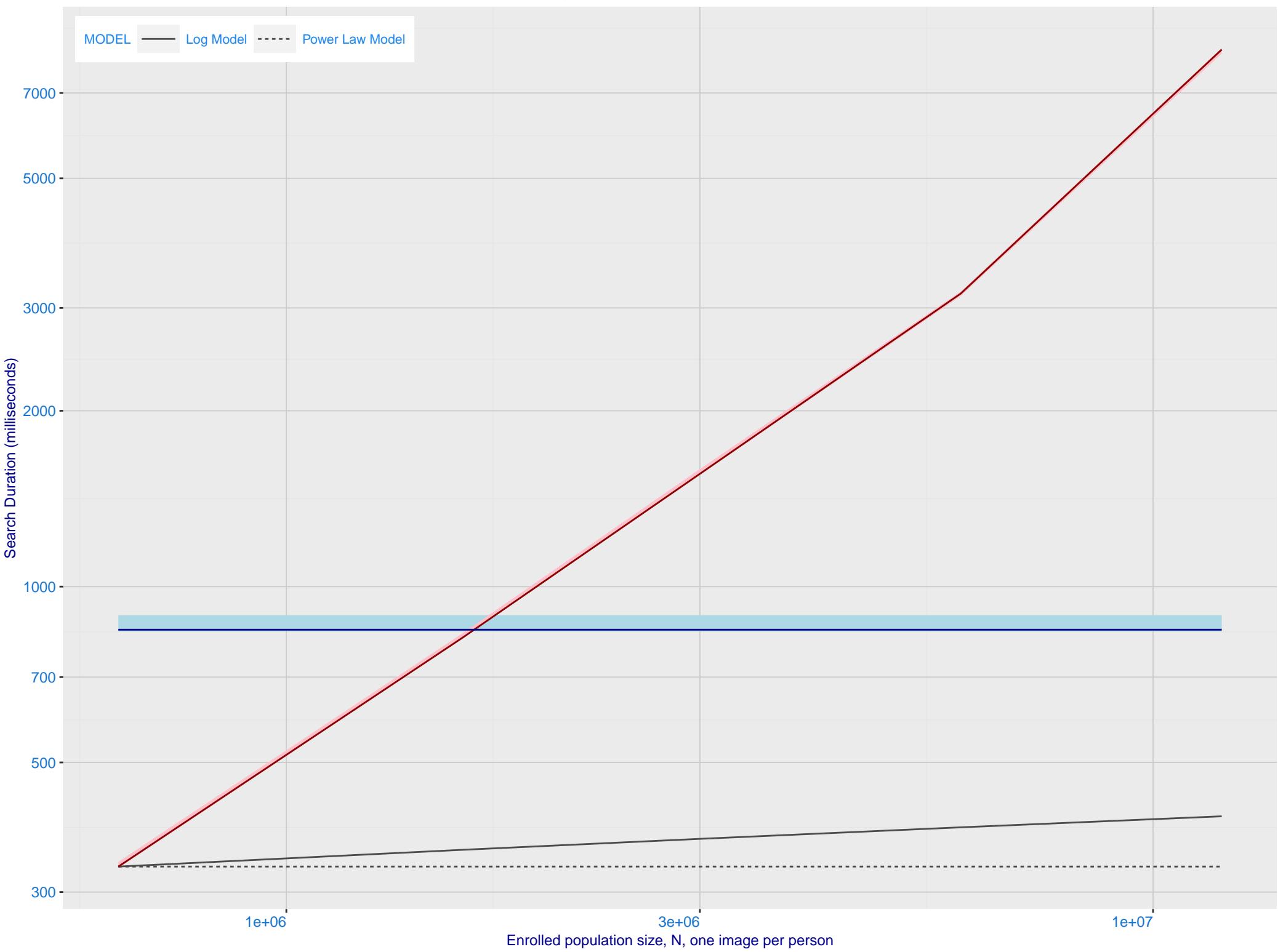
K: Investigational mode: FNIR(N, 1, 0) vs. most accurate (sensetime_007)



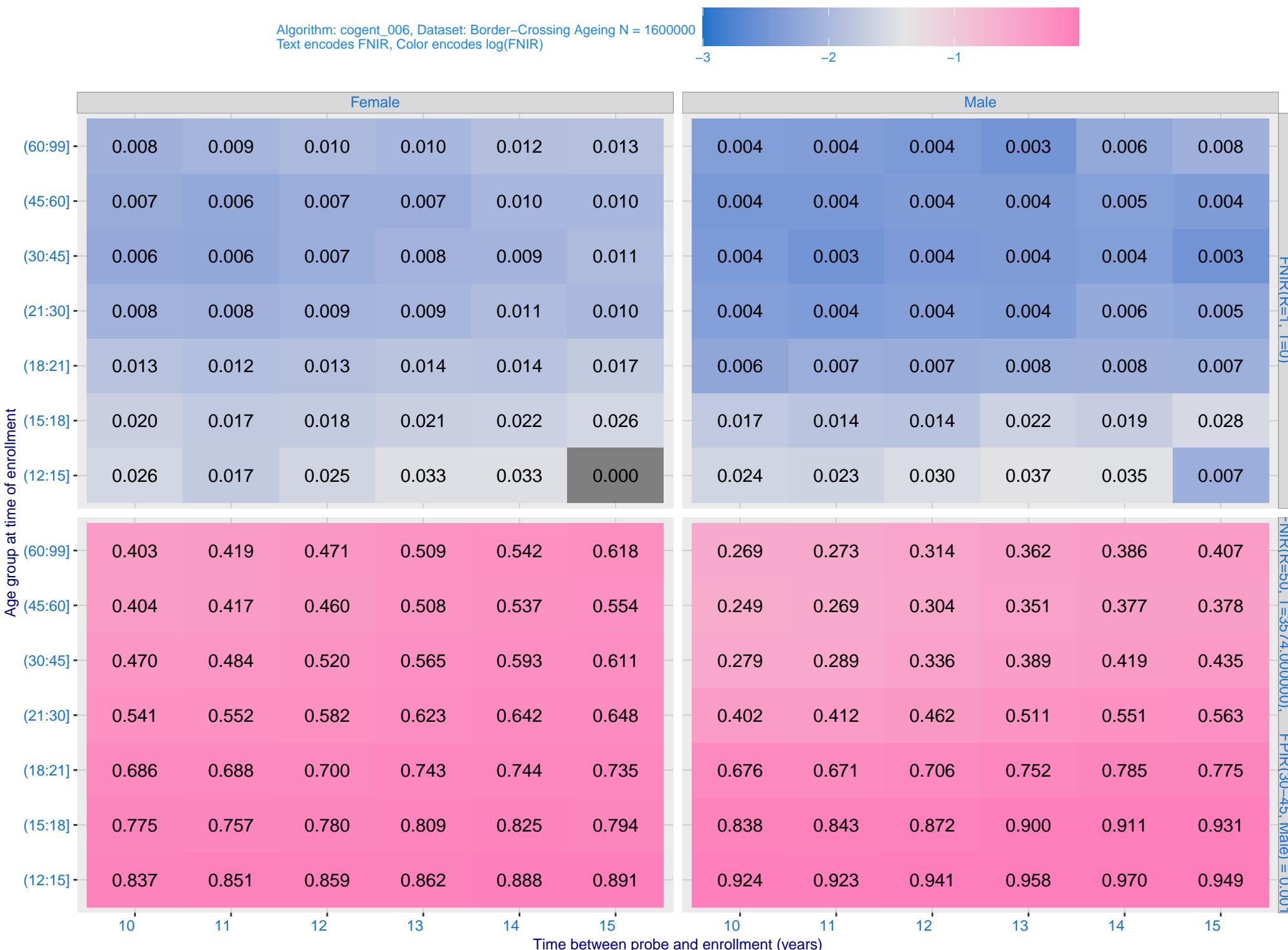
L: Investigational mode: FNIR(1600000, R, 0) by probe type



M: Template duration; search duration vs. N. The blue and pink ribbon covers 95 percent of observed measurements.
The template generation time is independent of N. The log and power-law models are fit to the first two (N,T) observations

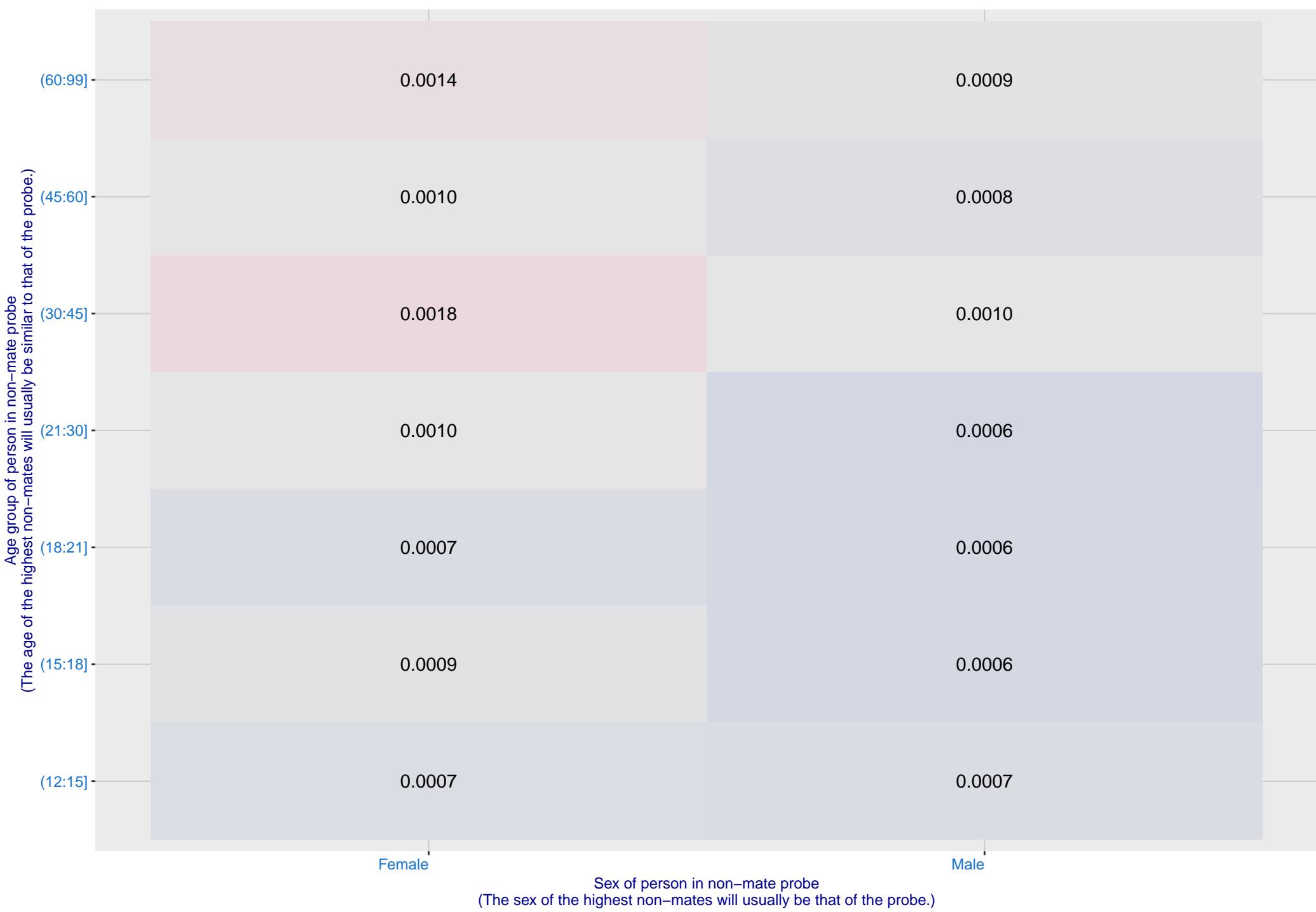


O: FNIR(T, N = 1.6 million) by sex, age and time-lapse. The top row gives investigational rank-1 miss rates.
 The bottom panels give high threshold for more lights-out identification with low FPIR.



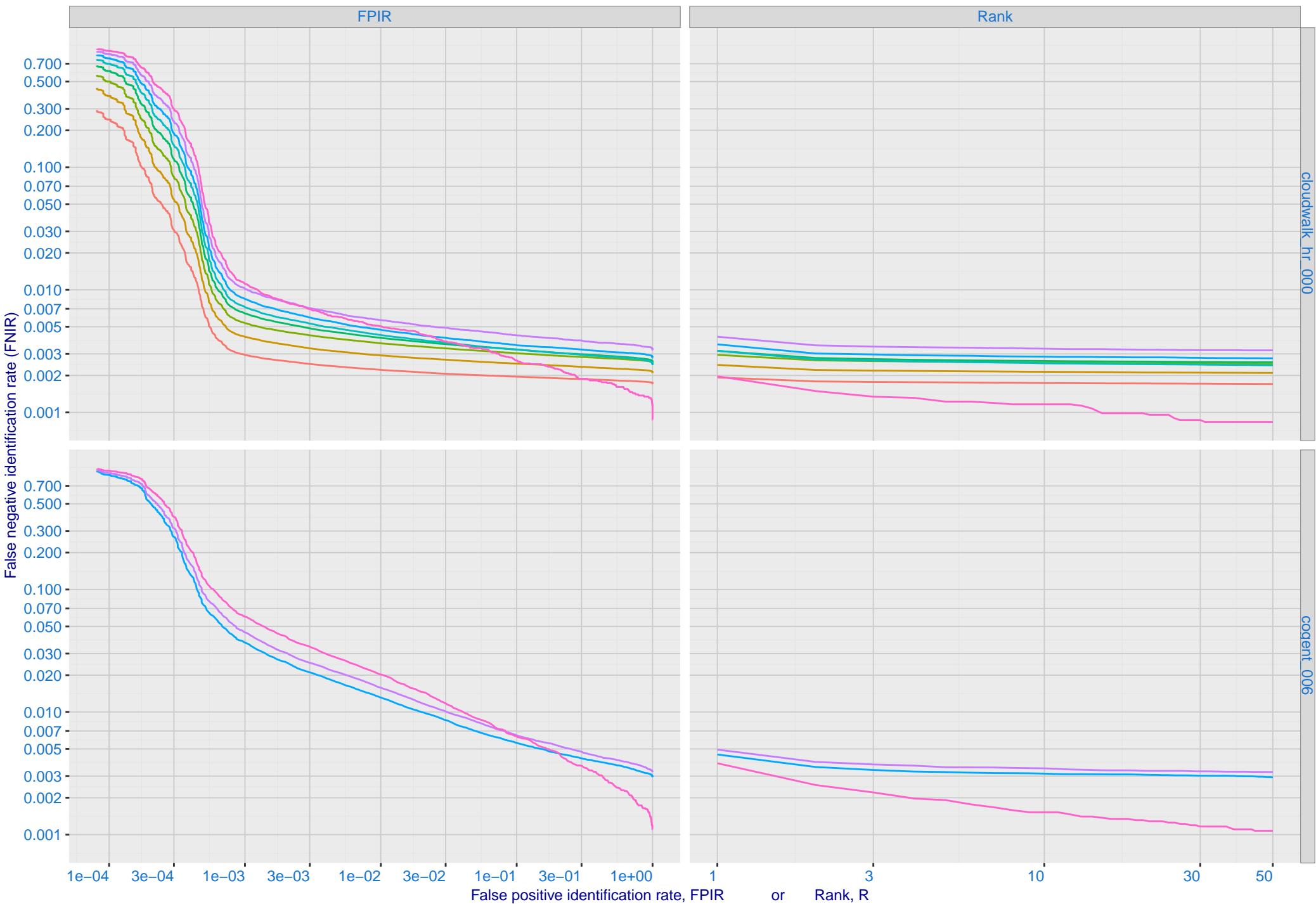
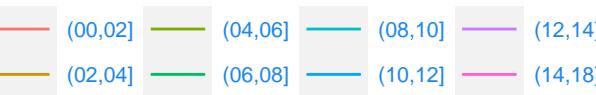
P: FPIR(N = 1.6 million) by sex and age. It is typical for false positive identification rates to be higher in women except in their teens.

Algorithm: cogent_006, Dataset: Border–Crossing Ageing
Threshold: 3574.000000 set to achieve FPIR(30–45, Male) = 0.001



Q: Identification FNIR(N, T, L+1) and Investigational FNIR(N, 0, R) under ageing

Dataset: 2018 Mugshot N = 3068801



R: Decline of genuine scores with ageing, with some eventually dropping below typical thresholds shown by the horizontal lines

